

PORTO DE MÓS

VILLAGE

At the banks of river Lena and hugged to the castle's hill, Porto de Mós village has a unique heritage. The natural and cultural wealth of the region is an attraction for nature tourism and speleology. The village, structured from its historical centre, houses urban functions. The 'Vila Forte', as Luís de Camões designates it in 'Os Lusíadas', is associated with the figure of D. Fuas Roupinho, the alcaide-mor of the castle, which, according to the fabulous narratives, in 1180, reconquered the fortress from the Moors. In 1385, Porto de Mós is the stage of the preparations for Aljubarrota Battle.

LEGEND

	Information
	Parking
	Viewpoint
	Monument
	Museum
	Religious building
	Building of interest
	Park
	Health Centre
	Fire department
	Police
	Bus stop
	Accommodation
	Restaurants
	Children's park
	School Centre
	Cemetery
	Pools
	Sports Area
	Gym-sports Pavilion
	Tax Department
	Social Security



MAP OF PORTO DE MÓS

ENG



HOW TO GET TO PORTO DE MÓS

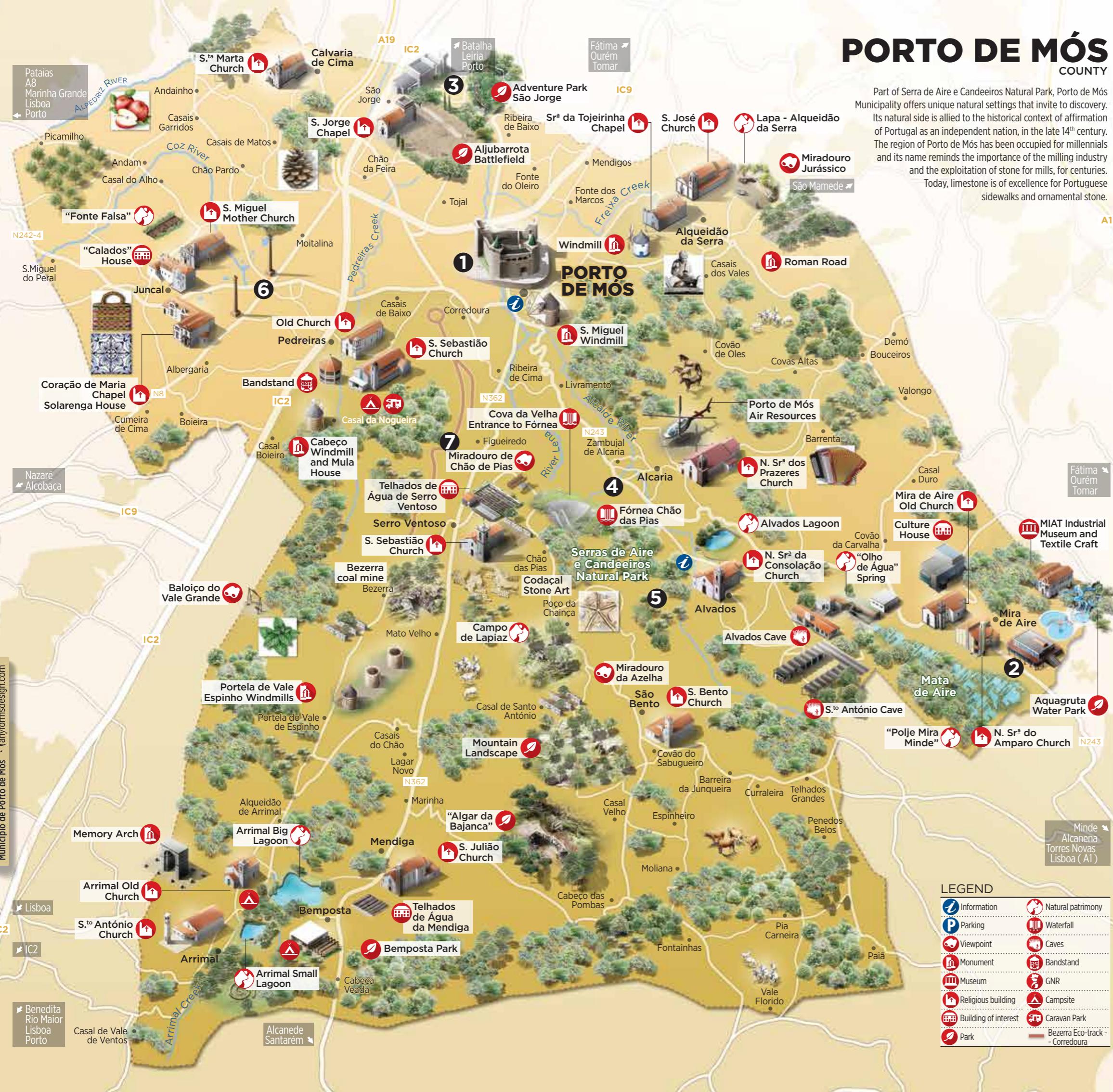


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PORTO DE MÓS

COUNTY



Part of Serra de Aire e Candeeiros Natural Park, Porto de Mós Municipality offers unique natural settings that invite to discovery. Its natural side is allied to the historical context of affirmation of Portugal as an independent nation, in the late 14th century. The region of Porto de Mós has been occupied for millennia and its name reminds the importance of the milling industry and the exploitation of stone for mills, for centuries. Today, limestone is of excellence for Portuguese sidewalks and ornamental stone.

Tojal

Fátima Ourém Tomar



1 Porto de Mós Castle

Over the centuries, the military fortress accumulated Gothic and Renaissance artistic influences. The two turrets that compose the main facade are decorated with pyramidal domes with ceramics finishing. The castle's importance was evident during the Christian conquest period and became a palace in the 15th century.

39° 36' 12" N 8° 49' 08" W



2 Mira de Aire Caves

At the largest tourist caves of Portugal, visitors can tour along 600 meters of the 11 km of a network of galleries. The chambers, of great natural beauty, have also geological and ecological importance, associated with a polje (a flooded depression). Ladders and stairs lead the visitor from the entrance to the Sifão das Areias.

39° 32' 24.5" N 8° 42' 14.4" W



3 CIBA

Batalha de Aljubarrota Interpretation Centre shows the narrative of the 14th August 1385 historical battle between the Portuguese troops and the Castilian army. In the surroundings, there's the military camp with a park of medieval devices and São Jorge Chapel.

39° 38' 22.6" N 8° 50' 40.3" W



4 Fórnea Cova da Velha

A natural amphitheater with vegetation, cliffs and waterfalls featuring different habitats. Inside Fórnea is located Cova da Velha, a cavity with a spring that feeds Ribeiro da Fórnea.

39° 33' 38.7" N 8° 48' 06.2" W



5 Serras de Aire e Candeeiros Natural Park

Natural jewel with the sea in the horizon, the park is the natural habitat of hundreds of species, some rare in the Portuguese territory. It also counts with the Dinosaurs Footprints Natural Monument, interpretation centres and walking routes, these last two, in the municipality of Porto de Mós.

CISAC - Centro de Interpretação das Serras de Aire e Candeeiros - 39° 35'56"N - 8° 49'12"W



6 Ceramics and Traditional Pottery

The richness in red clay allows the production of ceramic tiles, bricks, regional and decorative porcelain, and the existence of several handmade pottery factories. The tile panel of Cruz da Légua depicts the region's distinctive crafts.

39° 36' 09" N 8° 52' 27" W



7 Porto de Mós Eco-track

The old railroad, the main form of transporting the coal from Bezerra mines to the Thermoelectric Power Station, has been transformed into a modern eco-track for walking or cycling. Along the way, it is possible to observe nature in its fullness.

39° 35'48,91" N 8° 50'14,34" W